# MODEL QUESTION PAPER 

## Computer Science

## XII - STANDARD (CBSE)

General Instructions:

1. Please check this question paper contains 35 questions.
2. The paper is divided into 4 Sections- A, B, C, D and E.
3. Section A, consists of 18 questions (1 to 18). Each question carries 1 Mark.
4. Section B, consists of 7 questions ( 19 to 25). Each question carries 2 Marks.
5. Section C, consists of 5 questions ( 26 to 30). Each question carries 3 Marks.
6. Section D, consists of 3 questions ( 31 to 33). Each question carries 5 Marks.
7. Section E, consists of 2 questions ( 34 to 35 ). Each question carries 4 Marks.
8. All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.

| SECTION A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | State True or False. . <br> "Identifiers are names used. to identify a variable, function in a program" | 1 |
| 2. | Which of the following is a valid keyword in Python? <br> (a) false <br> (b) return <br> (c) non_local. <br> (d) none | 1 |
|  | Given the following Tuple Tup $=\mathrm{U} 0,20,30$, $\cdot$ so) Which of the following statements will result in an error? <br> (a) $\operatorname{print}($ Tup $\cdot[\mathrm{O}])$ <br> (b) Tup.insert $\{2,3)$ <br> (c) $\operatorname{print}(T u p[1: 2])$ <br> (d) $\operatorname{print}(\operatorname{len}(T u p))$ | 1 |
|  | Consider the given expression: 57 or $\cdot$ not $7>4$ <br> Which of the following will be the correct output, if the given expression is evaluated? <br> (a) True <br> (b) False <br> (c) NONE <br> (d) NULL | 1 |
| 5. | Select the correct output of the code: <br> S="Amrit Mahotsav @ 75" <br> A=S.split(" ",2) print(A) <br> (a) ('Amrit', 'Mahotsav', '@', '75') <br> (b) ['Amrit', 'Mahotsav', '@ 75'] <br> (c)'Amrit', 'Mahotsav', '@ 75') <br> (d) ['Amrit', 'Mahotsav', '@', '75' | 1 |
| 6 | Which of the following modes in Python creates a new file, if file does not exist and overwrites the content, if the file exists? <br> (a) $\mathrm{r}+$ <br> (b)r <br> (c) $w$ <br> (d) a | 1 |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 7. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Fill in the blank. \\
Which function is used to arrange the elements of a list in ascending order. \\
(a) sort () \\
(b) arrange () \\
(c) ascending () \\
(d) asort ()
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 8. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Which of the following operators will return either True or False? \\
(a) \(+=\) \\
(b) != \\
(c) \(=\) \\
(d) *=
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 9. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
-Which of the following statement(s) would give an error after executing the following code? \\
Stud= \{ "Mu rug an": 100, "Mithu": 95\} \# Statement 1 \\
print (Stud[95]) \# Statement 2 \\
Stud ["Murugai1"]=99 \# Statement 3 \\
pririt(Stud.pop()) \# Statement 4 \\
print(Stud) \# Statement 5 \\
(a) Statement 2 \\
(b) Statement 3 \\
(c) Statement 4 \\
(d) Statement 2 and 4
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 10 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Fill in the blank. _ is a number of tuples in a relation. \\
(a) Attribute \\
(b) Degree \\
(c) Domain \\
(d) Cardinality
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 11 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
The syntax of seek() is: file object.seek(offset[,reference_point]) What is the default value of reference_point? \\
(a) 0 \\
(b) 1 \\
(c) 2 \\
(d) 3
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 12. \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Fill in the blank :
\(\qquad\) clause is used with SELECT statement to display data in a sorted form with respect to a specified column. \\
(a) WHERE \\
(b) ORDER BY \\
(c) HAVING \\
(d) DISTINCT
\end{tabular} \& 1 \\
\hline 13 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Fill in the blank: In \(\qquad\) switching, before a communication starts, a dedicated path is identified between the sender and the receiver. \\
(a) Packet \\
(b) Graph \\
(c) Circuit \\
(d) Plot
\end{tabular} \& 1

1 <br>

\hline 14 \& | What will the following expression be evaluated to in python? |
| :--- |
| (a) 8.5 |
| (c) 10.2 |
| (b) 8.0 |
| (d) 10.0 | \& 1 <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

|  | Which function returns the sum of all elements of a list? <br> (a) count() <br> (b) sum() <br> (c) total () <br> (d) add () | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | fetchallO method fetches all rows in a result set and returns a: <br> (a) Tuple of lists <br> (b) List of tuples <br> (c) List of strings <br> (d) Tuple of strings | 1 |
|  | Q. 17 and 18 are Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R) based questions. Mark the correct choice as <br> (a) Both $(A)$ and $(R)$ are true and $(R)$ is the correct explanation for (A). <br> (b) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation for (A). <br> (c) (A) is true but (R) is false. <br> (d) (A) is false but (R) is true. |  |
| 17. | Assertion (A): To use a function from a particular module, we need to import the module. <br> Reason $(\mathrm{R})$ : import statement can be written anywhere in the program, before using a function from that module. | 1 |
| 18. | Assertion (A): A stack is a LIFO structure. <br> Reason (R): Any• new element pushed into .the stack always gets positioned at the index after the last existing element in the stack. | 1 |

## SECTION B

| 19. Atharva is a Python programmer working on a program to find and return the maximum value from the list. The code written below has syntactical errors. Rewrite the correct code and underline the corrections made. <br> def max_num (L) : <br> $\max =\mathrm{L}(0)$ <br> for a in L : <br> if $\mathrm{a}>\max$ <br> max=a <br> return max | 2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 20. (a) $\cdot$ Differentiate between wired and wireless transmission. <br> OR <br> (b) - Differentiate between URL and domain name with the help of an f 2 appropriate example. | 2 |
| 21. (a) Given is a Python list declaration: <br> Listofnames=["Aman","Ankit","Ashish","Rajan","Rajat"] <br> Write the output of: print (Listofnaines [-1: -4: -1]) <br> (b) Consider the following tuple declaration : <br> Tup1=(10,20,30, $(10,20,30), 40)$ <br> Write the output of : <br> print(tupl.index(20)) | 1 1 |
| 22. Explain • the concept of "Alternate ' Key" in a Relational Database Management System with an appropriate example | 2 |


|  | (a) Write the full forms of the following: <br> (i) HTML <br> (ii) TCP <br> (b) What is the heed of Protocols? | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ```(a) Write the output of the code given below: def short_sub (lst,n): for i in range(0,n): if len (lst)>4: lst [i]=1st [i.]+1st[i] else: 1st[i]=1st[i] subject=['CS', 'HINDI', 'PHYSICS', 'CHEMISTRY', 'MATHS' short_sub (subje6t', 5) print (subject) OR (a) Write the output of the code given below: a=30 def call (x): global a if a% 2==0: x+=a x=20 else: x-=a return x print(call(35),end="I") print(call(40),end= "@")``` | 2 |
|  | (a) Differentiate between CHAR and V ARCHAR data types in SQL with appropriate example. <br> OR <br> (b) Name any two DDL and any two DML commands | 2 |

## SECTION C

| 26 | (a) Consider the following tables - LOAN and BORROWER: Table: LOAN |  |  |  | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LOAN NO | B NAME |  | AMOUNT |  |
|  | L-170 | DELHI |  | 3000 |  |
|  | L-230 | KANPUR |  | 4000 |  |
|  | Table: BROWWER |  |  |  |  |
|  | CUST_NAME |  | LOAN_ | ME |  |
|  | JOHN |  | L-171 |  |  |
|  | KRISH |  | L-230 |  |  |
|  | RAVYA |  | L-170 |  |  |


|  | How many rows and columns will be there in the natural join of these two tables? <br> OR <br> (b) Write the output of the queries (i) to (iv) based on the table, GARMENTgiven below: <br> TABLE: GARMENT |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | GCODE | TYPE | PRICE | E FCODE | ODR_DATE |  |
|  | G101 | EVENING GOWN | 550 | F03 | 2008-12-19 |  |
|  | G102 | SLACKS | 750 | F02 | 2020-10-20 |  |
|  | G103 | FROCK | 900 | F01 | 2021-09-09 |  |
|  | G104 | TULIP SKIRT | 1250 | F01 | 2021-08-10 |  |
|  | G105 | BABY TOP | 1400 | F02 | 2020-03-31 |  |
|  | G106 | FORMAL PANT | 1350 | F01 | 2019-01-06 |  |
|  | (i) <br> (ii) <br> (iii) <br> (iv) | SELECT DISTINCT( SELECT FCODE, CO GROUP BY FCODE SELECT TYPE FROM 01' AND PRICE SELECT * FROM GA | COUNT(FCO OUNT(*), MIN HAVING CO M GARMENT <br> ARMENT WH | DE))FROM GA N(PRICE) FROM UNT(*) ${ }^{\text {P }}$; T WHERE ODR <br> HERE TYPE LIKE | RMENT; <br> GARMENT <br> DATE >'2021-02- <br> 'F\%' |  |
| 27 | (a) Write <br> He lived <br> One day <br> He saw <br> The girl <br> Then the <br> He lived <br> He saw <br> (b) Writ <br> in a <br> Exa <br> On <br> On <br> Outp <br> Num | ite the - definition of a Pyth tents of a text file named ich have at least 10 words follows: <br> pon a time, there was a w in a little house in a bea y, he was merrily choppin a little girl skipping throu was followed by a big g function should display in a little house in a bea a little girl skipping throu <br> ite a function count Dwor t;xt file "Details.txt". ample: If the file content is seat2 VIP1 will sit and seatl VVIP2 will be sittin put will be: mber of words ending wit | thon function $n$ d 'LINES. TXT s in it. For exan <br> oodcutter autiful, green w ng some wood. ugh the woods, gray wolf. output as: autiful, green w ugh the woods, OR rds() in Python is as follows: ng <br> th a digit are 4 | named LongLines $\mathrm{T}^{\prime}$ and displays tho mple, if the conte <br> ood. <br> , whistling happil <br> ood. <br> , whistling happil <br> to count the wor | which reads the lines from the file of 'LINES. TXT' is <br> ending with a digit | 3 |
| 28 | Write the o COMPAN <br> Table: COI | output of any three SQL Y and CUSTOMER gi MPANY | queries (i) to ven below: | (iv) based on | tables | 3 |
|  | CID | C_NAME | CITY | PRODUCTNA |  |  |
|  | 111 | SONY | DELHI | TV |  |  |
|  | 222 | NOKIA | MUMBAI | MOBILE |  |  |
|  | 333 | ONIDA | DELHI | TV |  |  |


|  | 444 | SONY | MUMBAI | MOBILE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 555 | BLACKBERRY | ChRY CHENNAI | MOBILE |  |  |
|  | 666 | DELL | DELHI | LAPTOP |  |  |
|  | Table: CUSTOMER |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CUSTID | CID | NAME | PRICE | QTY |  |
|  | C01 | 222 | ROHIT SHARMA | 70000 | 20 |  |
|  | C02 | 666 | DEEPIKA KUMARI | 50000 | 10 |  |
|  | C03 | 111 | MOHAN KUMAR | 30000 | 5 |  |
|  | C04 | 555 | RADHA MOHAN | 30000 | 11 |  |
|  | i) SELECT PRODUCTNAME, COUNT $(*)$ FROM COMPANY GROUP <br> ii) BY PRODUCTNAME HAVING COUNT $(*)>2 ;$ <br>  SELECT NAME, PRICE, PRODUCTNAME FROM COMPANY C, <br>  CUSTOMER CT WHERE C.CID = CU.CID AND C_NAME = <br> iii) SONY'; <br> SELECT DISTINCT CITY FROM COMPANY;  <br> iv) SELECT * FROM COMPANY WHERE C_NAME LIKE '\%ON\%'; |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Write a function EOReplace0 in Python which accepts a list L of numbers. Thereafter, it increments all even Numbers by 1 and decrements all odd numbers by 1. <br> Example: <br> If Sample Input data of the list is: $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{L}=[10,20,30,40,35,55] \\ & \text { Output will be: } \\ & \mathrm{L}=[11,21,31,41,34,54] \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 30 | (a) A list contains following record of customer: <br> [Customer_name, Room Type] <br> Write the following user defined functions to perform, given operations on the stack named 'Hotel': <br> (i) Push_Cust () - To Push customers' names of those customers who are staying in 'Delux' Room Type. <br> (ii) Pop_Cust () - To Pop the names of customers from the stack and display them. Also, display "Underflow" when there are no ' customers in the stack. <br> For example: <br> If the lists with customer details are as follows: <br> ["Siddarth", "Delux"] <br> ["Rahul", "Standard"] <br> ["Jerry", "Delux"] <br> The stack should contain <br> Jerry <br> Siddharth <br> The output should be: <br> Jerry <br> Siddharth <br> Underflow <br> OR <br> (b) Write a function in Python, Push (Vehicle) where, Vehicle is a dictionary containing details of vehicles - \{Car_Name: Maker $\}$. The function should push the name of car manufactur19- by 'TATA' (including all the possible cases like |  |  |  |  | 3 |


|  | Tata, TaTa, etc.) to the stack. <br> For example: <br> If the dictionary contains the following data: <br> Vehicle=\{"Santro":"ijyundai","Nexon":"TATA","Safari":"Tata"\} <br> The stack should contain <br> Safari <br> Nexon |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SECTION D |  |
| 31 | ABC Consultants are setting up a secure network for their office campus at Noida for their day-to-day office and web-based activities. They are planning to have connectivity between three buildings and the head office situated in Bengaluru. As a network consultant, give solutions to the questions (i) to (v), after going through the building locations and other details which are given below: <br> BENGALURU BRANCH <br> BUILDING 2 <br> HEAD OFFICE <br> BUILDING 3 <br> Distance between various blocks/locations: <br> Number of computers <br> Building $1=25$ <br> Building $2=51$ <br> Building $3=150$ <br> Head Office $=10$ <br> i) Suggest the most suitable place to install the server for this organization. Also, give reason to justify your suggested location. <br> ii) Suggest the cable layout of connections between the buildings inside the campus. <br> iii) Suggest the placement of the following devices with justification: Switch Repeater <br> iv) The organization is planning to provide a high-speed link with the head office situated in Bengaluru, using a wired connection. Suggest a suitable wired medium for the same. <br> The System Administrator does remote login to any PC, if any requirement arises. Name the protocol, which is used for the same. | 5 |


| 32 | (a) What possible output(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of execution of the following program: <br> import random <br> $\mathrm{M}=[5,10,15,20,25,30]$ <br> for i in range $(1,3\}$ : <br> first=random.randint(2,5)-1 <br> sec=random.randint(3,6)- 2 <br> third=random.randint( 1,4 ) <br> $\operatorname{print}(\mathrm{M}[$ first $], \mathrm{M}[\mathrm{sec}], \mathrm{M}[$ third],sep="\#") <br> (i) $10 \# 25 \# 15$ <br> 20\#25\#25 <br> (ii) $5 \# 25 \# 20$ <br> 25\#20\#15 <br> (iii) 30\#20\#20 <br> 20\#25\#25 <br> (iv) 10\#15\#25\# <br> 15\#20\#10\# <br> OR <br> (b) The code given below deletes the record from. the table employee which contains the following record structure: <br> E_code - String <br> E _ name - String <br> Sal - Integer <br> City - String <br> Note the following to establish connectivity between Python and MySQL; <br> Username is root <br> Password is root <br> The table exists in MySQL database named emp. <br> The details (E_code, E_name,Sal,City) are the attributes of the table. | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | a) Write one difference between CSV and text files. 5 Write a program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined functions: <br> (i) COURIER_ADD(): <br> It takes the values from the user and adds the details to a csv file I courier.csv I. Each record consists of a list with field elements as cid, s name, Source, destination to store Courier ID, Sender name, Source and destination address respectively. <br> (ii) COURIER_SEARCH(): <br> Takes the destination as the input and displays ail the courier records going to that destination. <br> OR <br> (b) Why it is important to close a file before exiting? Write a program in Python that defines and calls the following user defined functions: <br> (i) Add_Book0: <br> Takes the details of the books and adds them to a csv file 'Book.csv'. Each record consists of a list with field elements as book ID, B name and pub to store book ID, book name and publisher respectively. <br> (ii) Search_Book0: <br> Takes publisher name as input and counts and displays number of books published by them. | 5 |
|  | SECTION E |  |
| 34 | The ABC Company is considering to maintain their salespersons records using SQL to store data. As a database administrator, Alia created the table Salesperson and also entered the data of 5 Salespersons.Table: Salesperson | 4 |



